Mike DeWine, Governor
Jon Husted, Lt. Governor
Matt Damschroder, Interim Director

Peer-to-Peer Adoption Assistance Community Resource Information Series

Session 1:

Bureau of State Hearing (BSH)
Elizabeth Foster, Michael Cummings, and
Andrea Breakwell
July 6, 2021

Department of Job and Family Services

Mike DeWine, Governor
Jon Husted, Lt. Governor
Matt Damschroder, Interim Director

Office of Families and Children

Agenda

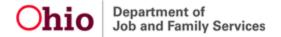
- Introduction
- BSH Presentation
- Wrap Up

Mike DeWine, Governor
Jon Husted, Lt. Governor
Matt Damschroder, Interim Director

Introduction

- Facilitators
- Housekeeping
- Intro of Speakers

Disclaimer: These webinars will be recorded. To prevent any inadvertent disclosures of recipient information, specific case questions will not be addressed by facilitators during the live event.



AA Subsidy Mediation: The County Side

July 6, 2021 Andrea Breakwell, Mediator Mike Cummings, Mediator Elizabeth Foster, Chief Hearing Officer



Agenda

Refresh

Dispute Background State Hearings

Mediation Overview

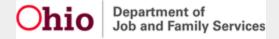
Process Mediator Role Outcomes

3 County Perspective

Approach
Common Missteps
Best Practices

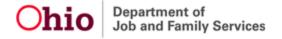
Conclusion

Key Takeaways
Q + A
Contact Information

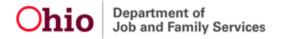


Refresh

- Dispute Background
- State Hearings

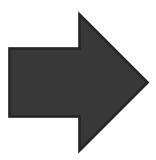


- Children adopted out of the state's custody are often IV-E eligible. This means the adopting parent has the right to apply for an adoption assistance subsidy.
 - State IV-B/IV-E agencies are required to actively seek ways to promote the adoption assistance program. ACYF-CB-PA-01-01
- Determination of Subsidy is a unique benefit:
 - "The monthly amount . . . is determined by negotiation and mutual agreement between the adoptive parent(s) and the public children services agency (PCSA)." Ohio Administrative Code §5101:2-49-05(A).
- Further explained (or complicated):
 - o "The monthly AA payment amount should combine with the adoptive parent(s) resources and circumstances of the adoptive family and shall provide for the special and anticipated needs of the child projected over an extended period of time." Ohio Administrative Code §5101:2-49-05(D). See also Section 8.2D.4 Child Welfare Policy Manual.

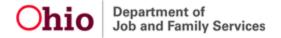


Perfect World Outcome









More Realistic Outcome

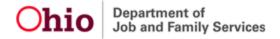












Independent Negotiation

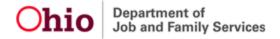
Mediation

State Hearing





DO NOT DISTURB:
Hearing In
Progress

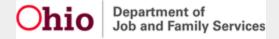


Refresh: State Hearings

- Adversarial by Nature
 - No cooperation
 - Winner take all
- May not Produce a Final Outcome
 - Decision vs. Evaluation
 - Cannot establish final amount of AA
 - May only order further negotiations
- Detrimental to Family County Relationship
 - Can create or increase negative feelings
 - Puts child in the middle

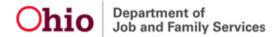


Disclaimer: State Hearings can be still be useful; can set parameters for further negotiations. Use them to your advantage—not as a threat or replacement for negotiations.



Mediation Overview

- Process
- Mediator Role
- Outcomes



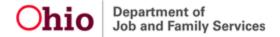
Mediation: Process

State Hearings

- Adversarial by Nature
 - No cooperation
 - Winner take all
- May not Produce a Final Outcome
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Mediation

- Cooperative by Nature
 - Exchange of information vs.
 presentation of information
 - Working towards same goal
- More Likely to Reach Final Outcome
 - o Mutual agreement
 - More control
 - Final hurdle
- Maintains Family County Relationship
 - Future negotiations
 - Future foster care or adoptions
 - Sense of community



Mediation Overview: Process



- Evaluation
- Scheduling
- Mediation
- Enforcement

Mediation Overview: Preparation

Prior to Mediation

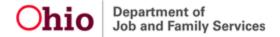
- BSH Forms
 - Agency AA Form
 - Agreement to Mediate
 - Confidentiality Form
- County Subsidy Tool/Form
- Correspondence with Family
- Supporting Documentation
- Other Potential Forms of Assistance
 - SSDI
 - PASSS
 - County Board Services

Mediation

- Case Specific
 - Mediator Guided
 - "Positive"Documentation
- Range of Settlement
 - New Offer?
- All Documentation Considered
- Other Assistance Evidence

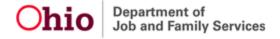
State Hearing

- County Subsidy Tool/Form
 - Documentation
 Considered
 - Documentation not available
- Correspondence with Family
- Other Assistance Evidence



Mediation Overview: Mediator Role

- One Goal Settlement
 - Poke and prod
 - Outcome exploration
 - Questions
- Neutral
 - Offer perspective
 - Level-set expectations
 - Answer questions
 - Confidential
- Filter "PR"
 - Communication
 - Be "the bad guy"
 - Ask difficult questions

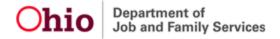


Mediation Overview: Outcomes

All Possible Outcomes through June 16, 2021

Outcome	Percentage
Agreement reached at mediation conference	45.10%
Agreement reached prior to mediation conference with assistance of mediator	11.30%
Mediation unsuccessful; parties proceed to SH	7.70%
Family withdrew from mediation	10.60%
Parties elected to bypass mediation and proceed to SH	14.80%
Family elected not to proceed with adoption	2.80%
Family did not return mediation packet or contact lost with family	7%
Child removed by PCSA	0.70%

Note: 142 completed cases since 2016, 40 different counties

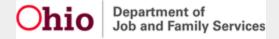


Mediation Overview: Outcomes

Statistics for 1-1-2016 through 6-15-2021

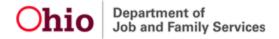
- Out of 142 requests for mediation for this period, 91 cases went through the mediation process = 64%
- Out of those 91 cases, the mediation process reached a successful agreement = 87.9%
 - This includes cases where an agreement was reached in preparation for the mediation
 - That success percentage is over 90% since CY 2019.
- The percentage of cases that go to mediation and still end up in a state hearing = 7.7%

Thank You!



County Perspective

- Approach
- Common Missteps
- Best Practices
- Examples

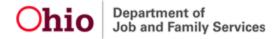


County Perspective: Approach

Priorities

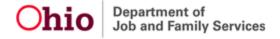
- 1) Permanency
- BIG STEP -
- 2) Fiscal Responsibility
- Another good size step -
- 3) Adhering toSystem/Consistency
- 4) Maintain Relationships
- 5) Other





Focus Only on Special Needs

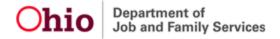
- Special needs ≠ only medical needs not covered by Medicaid
- Ordinary needs are included
- Failure to consider family circumstances



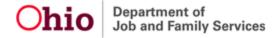
Policy Consideration

- "Consideration of the circumstances of the adopting parents has been interpreted by the Department to pertain to the adopting family's capacity to incorporate the child into their household in relation to their lifestyle, standard of living and future plans, as well as their overall capacity to meet the immediate and future needs (including educational) of the child. This means considering the overall ability of the family to incorporate an individual child into their household."
- "The payment that is agreed upon should combine with the parents' resources to cover the ordinary and special needs of the child projected over an extended period of time and should cover anticipated needs, e.g., child care."

ACYF-CB-PA-01-01 (1/23/01)

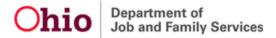


- Approach to Program/Families
 - Frustration with family position or negotiation position
 - Ultimatums/"take it or leave it" offers
 - Negative attitude towards hearing or mediation
 - Reminders of county funds or limitations
 - Lack of communication or organizational cohesion



Failure to See the Fiscal Forest Through the Trees





Example:

Scenario #1

County Stands Pat, Family Elects not Proceed with Adoption

- One more year of FCM (\$14,400)
- New family agrees at \$400 (\$6,156)
- Total: \$20,556

OR

- Two more years of FCM (\$28,800)
- New family agrees at \$400 (\$5,472)
- Total: \$34,272

OR

Ten more years of FCM: \$144,000

Joey Votto, D.O.B. 7/6/2013

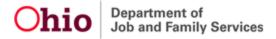
Months until 18: 120 Current FCM: \$1200

County's last AA offer: \$400

Family's last AA request: \$1000

Priority Check

- 1) Permanency
- 2) Fiscal Responsibility
- Adhering to System/Consistency
- 4) Maintain Relationships



Example:

Scenario #2

County Agrees at Mediation (or Independently!)

- Agreement for \$700
- Total: \$20,520

OR

- Agreement for \$800
- Total: \$25,508OR
- Agreement for \$1000
- o Total: \$34,200

Joey Votto, D.O.B. 7/6/2013

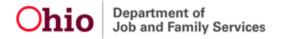
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Priority Check

- 1) Permanency
- 2) Fiscal Responsibility
- Adhering toSystem/Consistency
- 4) Maintain Relationships

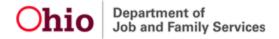


County Perspective: Best Practices

- 1) Offers
- 2) Approach
- 3) Communication at all steps
- 4) Gather information
- 5) Avoid discussing constraints

Conclusion

- Key Takeaways
- Q + A
- Contact Information



Conclusion: Key Takeaways

Priorities Over Process

Big Picture
Avoid Failed Adoption

Gather Information

Ask Questions
Talk Directly to Families

Communication

Unified Thorough

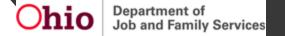
Stay Flexible

Don't Rule Out Options

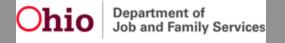
Avoid Ultimatums

Stay Positive

Reassurance Commitment



Questions



Thank You

Please do not hesitate to contact us for any questions you may have about this presentation or more generally about the mediation and state hearing process.

Andrea Breakwell – andrea.breakwell@jfs.ohio.gov Mike Cummings – michael.cummings@jfs.ohio.gov Elizabeth Foster – elizabeth.foster@jfs.ohio.gov



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Wrap Up Next Session:

<u>Date:</u> 7/13/21

Session Title: AA Peer-to-Peer ODJFS/ODM Medicaid Training Event

Time: 10:00 am - 11:00 am

Contact Information:

Title IV-E Policy Developers:

Lisa Howard

<u>Lisa.howard@jfs.ohio.gov</u>

Rhonda Annamunthodo

Rhonda.annamunthodo@jfs.ohio.gov